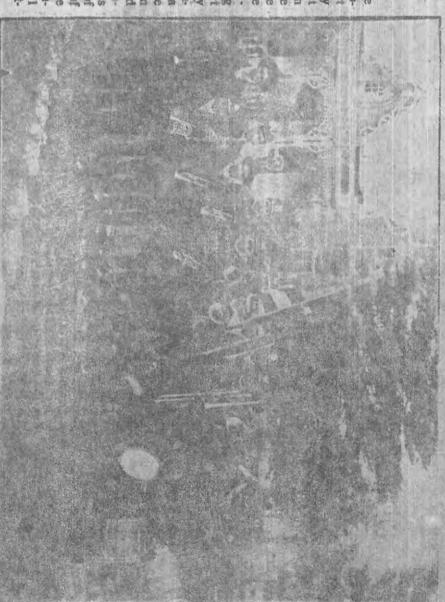
organizing the settlers into defined military units for greater security. On June 25, 1866, they organized the militia of Wasatch County and held an inspection drill at Heberville, where a forthad also been recently constructed. Major Witt of Heberville was placed in command of the District which had three battallous—one of cavalry and two of infantry—to be known as the Wasatch Military District. Sidney Epperson and John Hemilton were appointed Majors over Fort Mdway, with John Watkins as bugler.

Fort Midway was conducted under military law, having officers and picket paired, with men arising to assigned duty at the call of the bugic. The militia was in complete charge of all activities necessary for the welfare and general good of the community.

dyed and sewn. When com-pleted, the flag contained less than the standard 13 stripes of red and blue and had only 18 of used on campaign against the indians. Realizing the imout the Civil War years from 1861 the 34 stars typical to the material for the flag came from bedsheets, which were hand large American flag. The menced the construction of a American Plag of "colors" to be flown at Post Midway and to be Military District and the approaching completion of the Fort to 1865 -- an omission necessitat-Epperson, Sidney's Wife, comportance of having a suitable flag the lack of availability of an Epperson was concerned about Midway settlement, Sidney Midway use, Mary Jane Robey for the battalion and Fort With the organization of the

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the contract tenthence whether the contract to the

The first step in laying out the and settlement was the

they have was made by his great